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EARTH RESOURCES TECHNOLOGY SATELLITE FINAL REPORT

13. GDHS STAFFING AND MATERIAL USAGE PLAN

PREPARED FOR

GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS
AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

UNDER CONTRACT NAS5-11260



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EARTH RESOURCES TECHNOLOGY SATELLITE

FINAL REPORT

Volume 13. GDHS Staffing and Material
Usage Plan

April 17, 1970

prepared for

National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Goddard Space Flight Center

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1. GDHS STAFFING

1.1 INTRODUCTION

1.1.1 Purpose and Scope

This section presents the personnel requirements analyses, and resultant staffing requirements, and material usage requirements for the ERTS GDHS. A description of the positions required, the manning requirements, the training program, and the technical manuals are also included. A manpower cost estimate for the operation and maintenance of the GDHS is also provided.

1.1.2 Summary of Results

The staffing requirements are based upon three separate work areas which functionally segregate the GDHS equipment and work stations into the OCC, the NDPF, and the ADPE portion of the NDPF.

The GDHS operational concept provides for the OCC and associated automatic data processing equipment (ADPE) to be manned 24 hours per day, 7 days a week. For Case A the NASA Data Processing Facility (NDPF) will be manned only on a normal work schedule, namely, 8 hours per day, 5 days a week. For Case B the NDPF will be manned 24 hours per day, 7 days a week.

The total manning for the GDHS is 180 personnel for Case A and 279 for Case B. This total is computed as follows:

	Number of Personnel	
	<u>Case A</u>	<u>Case B</u>
GDHS Manager and Staff	4	4
OCC Manager and Personnel	40	40
NDPF Manager and Personnel	<u>136</u>	<u>235</u>
Total	180	279

In computing the total staffing requirements a manning factor of 1.0 was used for single-shift operations and 5.0 for those positions which absolutely require manning around the clock. The manning factor used was less than 5.0, for many positions in the NDPF, because of job level requirements.

Figure 1-1 illustrates the first organizational tier for the GDHS. The complement of personnel and their functions which make up the lower

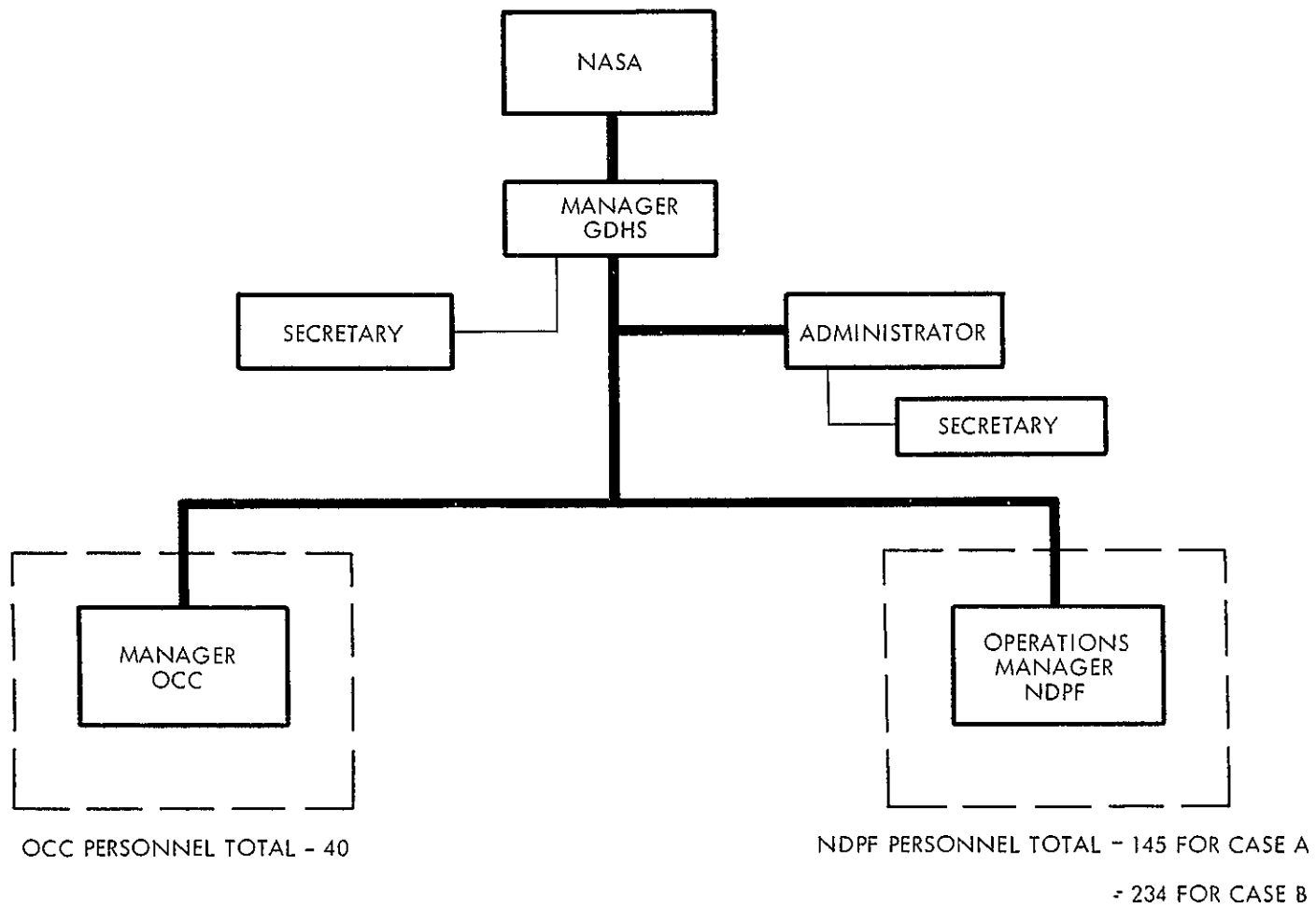


Figure 1-1
TOP LEVEL ORGANIZATION CHART FOR GDHS

tiers of the GDHS organization are discussed in the sections contained in this report. The yearly salary of the GDHS manager and his staff is estimated to be \$52,000. The 40 personnel required to perform Operations Control Center functions include the OCC manager, 4 administrative personnel, 17 engineers, 3 programmers, and 15 technicians. These personnel are largely concerned with mission operations and their number is not necessarily influenced by the Case B situation. The cost per annum for these 40 personnel is estimated to be \$467,000.

The Case A personnel complement of 136 personnel for the NDPF includes the NDPF manager, 70 personnel associated with the ADPE operations, 20 personnel associated with data management functions, and 45 personnel involved with image and photo processing operations. The Case A labor cost per annum for NDPF operations is estimated to be \$1,217,000. For Case B, the NDPF staffing is 235 and the breakdown includes the NDPF manager, 78 personnel associated with ADPE, 40 personnel required for data management, and 116 personnel associated with image and photo processing. The Case B situation estimated yearly NDPF personnel cost is \$1,909,200.

The annual cost of operations expendables, computer tape, film, chemicals, and photographic paper is estimated to be \$1,486,358 for Case A and \$3,963,371 for Case B. A summary of these costs are shown below.

	<u>Case A</u>	<u>Case B</u>
Total yearly cost of personnel	\$1,736,000	\$2,428,200
Total yearly cost of GDHS material usage	<u>1,486,358</u>	<u>3,963,371</u>
Total yearly cost	\$3,222,358	\$6,391,571

1.2 BACKGROUND MATERIAL

1.2.1 Summary of Operation and Maintenance Functional Requirements

Figure 1-2 is the top functional flow for GDHS as it appears in Volume 15A "Functional Flow Diagrams" of the ERTS Functional Requirements Analysis for Operations Control and Data Processing." Volume 15A "Requirements Allocation Sheets," shows the allocation of functional performance requirements to equipment, software and personnel.

1. 2. 2 Operational Characteristics of the Man-Machine System Design

The ground data handling system is required to monitor large volumes of information in both an on-line and an off-line mode of operations. The basic operational concept is that the machine will perform all routine, repetitive and high-speed computations, presenting data to the man for his use in making the necessary decisions. The man is given the capability of monitoring the machine activities, intervening as necessary to modify these activities, and to order new programs to handle unplanned conditions.

In implementation of this concept, the functions allocated to the machine are those requiring repetitive, programmed decision-making, or high-speed, routine activities. The man, on the other hand, has been assigned those tasks requiring decisions based on judgment, previous experience, or where syntheses of data is necessary. The system is designed so that man, at any stage of the mission, may intervene to alter programmed instructions, and, in fact, may operate the system without the computer should a malfunction occur. The primary purpose of the machine is to remove the routine tasks from the man, allowing him to function more effectively in the decision-making role.

The functions performed in the OCC differ widely from those required in the NASA Data Processing Facility. In the OCC, on-line operations are performed on a daily basis including observatory command and control, mission planning, and command generation. In the NDPF, the basic functions are image processing, data processing, and data management. The role of the operator is basically that of an inspector, quality control monitor, or equipment operator. However, the same basic concept is implemented in both areas, that of providing a machine capability to assist the operator in the performance of his activities.

1. 2. 2. 1 Task Allocation

The allocation of tasks to the man and machine is based upon the decisions made during the function analysis and are recorded on the requirements allocation sheets. The allocation of tasks to man or machine is the result of trade-off studies conducted early in the program based on knowledge of the tasks to be performed and structured within the guidelines of the operations concept.

Man-Machine Allocation - OCC

The primary OCC functions to be performed in accomplishing its basic mission of observatory command and control are summarized in Table 1-1. The following information is presented on each function with a significant man-machine interaction:

- a) Man-Machine Allocation. A function may be allocated to hardware, software, and/or the human operator (H, S/W, M)
- b) Control Responsibility. Either of the three mentioned above, although the human operator can intervene at critical points.
- c) Role of the Operator in the System. A classification of operator tasks; verifier, interactive with respect to the machine, determine status, etc.
- d) Contribution to Major OCC Functions. The contribution of each subfunction to the major functions is tabulated.

Functions 7, 11, 14, and 16 illustrate the basic design approach to the man/machine interaction within the OCC. Since the basic task of the OCC is to provide command and control of the observatory, timely information must be presented to the operations personnel to make the appropriate decisions.

Function 7 requires a basic interaction between the operator and the display system. The effectiveness of the command list, in this case, will depend on not only the skill and knowledge of the operator, but also some effective means of portraying information and having the capability to modify it on an on-line basis.

Functions 11, 14, and 16 not only involve man-machine interaction, but also depend upon a high degree of analytical and evaluative ability in the human operator to make the necessary command decision.

A flexible, interactive software system is essential to optimize the designated man-machine combination. The use of CRT displays with fixed and variable function input keyboards gives the operator access to a flexible, interactive software system and provides him with a capability for on-line correction of anomalies in observatory performance. This capability exists because CRT's will display observatory telemetry data on a real-time basis permitting constant surveillance of system

Table 1-1. OCC Man/Machine Allocation

**Function No	OCC Functions	Man/Machine Allocation	Control Responsibility	Role of Operator in the System	Contribution to Major OCC Functions*
2	Request and process orbital data	S/W			3
3	Request and process weather data	S/W			3
4	Request and receive STADAN/MSFN network data	S/W			1, 2
5	Receive and store narrowband data	Hardware			1
6	Transform user/operator requests to event list	H S/W M	Manual verification based on man/machine interaction	Interactive man/machine final decision maker	1, 2, 3
7	Transform event list to command list	S/W M	Manual verification based on man/machine interaction	Interactive man/machine final decision maker	1, 2, 3
8	Generate and transmit S/C commands	S/W M	S/W (manual backup)	Operator verifies commands as valid	1, 2, 3
9	Evaluate status of transmitted commands	H S/W M	Manual verification	Status determinations	1
10	Process and monitor observatory and DCS telemetry	H S/W M	Auto Limits Analysis Operator notified of out-of-tolerance conditions	Respond to out-of-tolerance condition	1
11	Perform satellite trend analysis and status prediction	S/W	S/W (manual backup)	Analyze and evaluate	1
13	Maintain and record operational status	S/W M	Manual	Status information	1, 2
14	Update coverage operator requests based on mission operations	S/W	Analysis/evaluation of information	Analyze/evaluate	1, 2
15	Receive and store real-time video data	H	N/A	N/A	1
16	Monitor real-time video	Quick Look	Analysis/evaluation of information	Analyze/evaluate	1

**Based on ERTS Functional Analysis (See Figure 1-2)

*Major OCC Functions

- 1 - Command, Control Function
- 2 - Mission Planning
- 3 - Command generation

states. Further, it permits use of multiple displays for surveillance by several analysts who will be specialists in various subsystem operations. Selection and execution of commands can be transferred from one specialist to another when it is desirable to do so in order to facilitate selection of contingency procedures for correcting observatory performance anomalies. Ultimately, such a man-machine system design will prove to be most cost-effective, because after a nominal period of operational testing, debugging of the software programs, and improvement of operations (procedures, manning can be accomplished by the employment of qualified technicians rather than by highly qualified specialized engineering personnel.

Man-Machine Allocation - NDPF

The NDPF functions to be performed in order to accomplish the basic functions of image processing, data processing, and data management are presented in Table 1-2. The format of Table 1-2 is the same as in Table 1-1, but the information is specific to the NDPF.

A review of Table 1-2 confirms the fact that the operator's role in the NDPF is considerably different from that in the OCC. It is quite evident that the man is used primarily as an evaluator with little emphasis on interaction with the machine on an on-line basis. While the OCC operating tasks can be defined in terms of position descriptions, the basic personnel requirement for the NDPF can be described in terms of manning various equipment stations.

While man-machine interactions are limited, some are found in the NDPF. For example, Function 1 may require a fair degree of interaction. The role of the operator is to analyze and format user requests, structure processing requirements, retrieve data, and determine if requests are adequately filled. This function to be performed efficiently, will require a fair amount of interaction with the software and the display subsystem.

The human operator plays an important role in the performance of bulk processing of RBV and MSS tapes (Functions 19 and 20). In these cases, the man-machine interaction is minimum, but the operator is required to perform difficult tasks, such as evaluating imagery and determining if the customer's request has been satisfied or whether the photos must be retaken.

Table 1-2. NDPF Man-Machine Allocation

Function No	NDPF Function*	Man-Machine Allocation	Control Responsibility	Role of the Operator in the System	Contribution to Major GDHS Functions**
1	Perform production control	Manual with software assistance	Manual	Analyze and format requests, structure processing requirements, data withdraw request, file request	1, 2, 3
12.	Make initial attitude determination	Software	Software data	Select software program	
17	Prepare frame annotation data	Software with manual verification	Software data	Receive data	1, 2, 3
34	Process user queries	Software/Manual	Manual	Manage, schedule, monitor, receive	1, 2, 3
18	Determine precise spacecraft attitude	Software	Software data	Select software program	
19	Bulk process RBV tapes	Hardware with manual monitor	Manual	Receive, monitor the preparation of corrected separation negatives, and, 19 6 Visual check of the processed files 19 10 Imagery checked for cloud cover, other special criteria 19 14 Visual check and adjust - color processor	1
20	Bulk process MSS tapes	Hardware with manual monitor	Manual	Receive, screen and select same as 19 10	1, 2, 3
21	Process DCS data and generate master digital tapes	Hardware	Manual	Manual control of tape playback, review and make final decision regarding automatic DCS data quality check Specify corrections, and prepare master tapes	1, 2, 3
22	Process user inputs to archival files	Software/manual	Manual	Analyze and classify user inputs, determine handling requirements, abstract user inputs for storage.	2, 3
23	Generate and maintain archival files	Hardware/software/manual	Manual	Log and identify data, service data requests, maintain data record and update associated data	2, 3
24	Prepare precision frame annotation data	Software	Software	Not applicable	2
25	Process in photo laboratory	Hardware/manual	Manual	Manual control of photographic processing	1
26	Precision process RBV data	Hardware with manual backup	Manual override	Retrieve copies, visual check of processed files, deliver Select tape, playback tape, process files, prepare file copies	1, 2, 3
27	Precision process MSS data	Hardware with manual backup	Hardware/Manual	Select photos	1, 2, 3
28	Monitor facility status	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

*Based on ERTS functional analysis (See Figure 1-2)

**NDPF major functions
Image Processing (1)
Data Processing (2)
Data Management (3)

In the NDPF, as in the OCC, the machine is given the task of supporting the man in the performance of his duties. Highly skilled personnel will be required because a great deal of emphasis must be placed upon each individual exercising a high degree of personal quality control in the performance of his tasks.

1. 2. 3 Summary of GDHS Maintenance Concept

The GDHS maintenance concept is consistent with current NASA/GSFC maintenance practices and constraints and conforms with existing GFSC facilities, equipments, and internal management policies and procedures.

The key factors of the overall GDHS maintenance concept common to the OCC, and the NDPF, including the ADPE, which impact upon staffing are as follows:

- a) The electronics technicians assigned to the OCC maintenance area will accomplish diagnostics and repair of both OCC and NDPF equipments which are within station level maintenance capability.
- b) The operator personnel within the OCC facility area are assigned the responsibility for maintenance activities to be performed in-between satellite passes.
- c) Maintenance job descriptions and the attendant personnel training requirements for OCC, and NDPF equipment maintenance have purposefully been combined and centralized to minimize the number of maintenance personnel for each work shift.

1. 2. 3. 1 Operation Control Center

The principal element of the OCC maintenance concept is the minimization of equipment downtime through system design provisions for closed test loops for the major subsystems which permit utilization of rapid self-test, fault detection, and fault isolation capabilities.

The pulse code modulation (PCM) stored-program simulator and the DCS IF simulator interface with the ADPE to provide test and fault isolation capabilities of the PCM terminal rack and the PCM and DCS data handling equipment.

The PCM format generator can be utilized, in various combinations, to test the PCM terminal rack, PCM data handling equipment, DCS IF

simulator, OCC data handling equipment, ADPE, and the data interface buffer. In addition, the command interface simulator provides a built-in self-test feature in the data interface buffer.

All OCC maintenance activity is under the cognizance of the Operator/Planner Controller for each work shift.

1.2.3.2 NASA Data Processing Facility

The NDPF maintenance concept relies principally on the use of sub-contractors' experience and existing (off-the-shelf) tools, such as diagnostic software, maintenance manuals, and training courses.

Test tapes are utilized with the ADPE to provide self-test and fault isolation capabilities for the equipment and processes of the wide band telemetry and photo processing facility. All items in the photographic laboratory must be tested manually by operator and maintenance personnel.

The supervisor of quality control and maintenance is responsible for all maintenance activities within the NDPF.

1.2.3.3 Automatic Data Processing Equipment

For the ADPE computers no more than six hours per week downtime for preventive maintenance will be required during the prime shift. The initial nine months of preventive maintenance will be procured as part of the computer basic purchase agreement.

Unscheduled computer and peripheral equipment maintenance will be provided by call contract with either the hardware manufacturer or a commercial service organization, or by development of a NASA house-keeping contractor maintenance capability. Routine maintenance of displays, display drives, line printers and card read/punch, and the normal servicing of these units will be the responsibility of ADPE maintenance head. The periodic maintenance requirement for the complete station will be printed out by the NDPF computer. The ADPE maintenance head will be responsible for coordinating the work load and posting completed preventive maintenance events for the OCC/ADPE and NDPF equipment.

1. 2. 4 Maintenance Characteristics of Man-Machine System Design

Maintenance of electronic equipment will be facilitated because of its design characteristics which provide readily accessible instrumentation pickoff points, software and manual test routines which permit isolation of malfunctions to replaceable equipment units. Maintenance of electro-mechanical and optical equipment will consist of periodic servicing, in-line repair of failed components, and bench repairs which require routine disassembly and reassembly of equipment items. In those instances where major maintenance activity necessitates the unavailability of certain equipments, there will be switchover and substitution of other equipment items for the failed ones and reassignment of personnel functions will be necessary to temporarily support satellite pass events. Contractor factory maintenance will be required for some equipment failures which cost-effectively cannot be justified as a station repair function.

1. 3 OCC STAFFING REQUIREMENTS

1. 3. 1 Introduction

The determination of staffing requirements is an iterative process. The following presents the products of the major steps taken to develop position descriptions and manning requirements for the OCC.

Functional flow diagrams and requirements allocation sheets were analyzed to identify those functions and tasks requiring human intervention. Further analysis of the functions/tasks, related equipment, and operational procedures required to meet mission objectives led to the identification and categorization of tasks in generic terms. The tasks were reviewed and assigned to manned positions based on task flow information, task criticality, amount of time required to perform each task, task frequency and schedule, task commonality, and the equipment associated with the task performance. Task and equipment requirements were then reviewed to determine the number of personnel and operational shifts required, during routine orbital operations, to accomplish the tasks at each manned position, and, in turn, the organizational structure of each operating area.

Results of the analyses indicate that, during routine orbital operations, several positions require manning for a 8-hour day, 5-day week, and others for a 24-hour day, 7-day week. In computing the total staffing requirements, a manning factor of 1.0 was used for single shift operations, and 5.0 for those positions requiring manning around the clock.

1.3.2 Task Identification/Allocation

Functions and tasks allocated to manual processing in the Requirements Allocation Sheets, Volume 15A, were itemized and assigned to positions. Positions were selected on the basis of operational aspects required to accomplish command and control of the observatory, i. e., 24 hours a day, 7 days a week operation. The operational aspects selected and positions assigned were as follows:

<u>Position Identification</u>		<u>Operational Aspects of the Positions</u>
M	Operations Planner Controller	Serves as operations crew chief and coordinates and communicates with ground tracking stations and with spacecraft commander, data analysts, and ground equipment operations.
N	Data Analyst	Monitor and evaluate spacecraft and payload performance.
O	Command Generation Technician	Provides manual backup for the commanding and preliminary preparation of spacecraft command.
P	PCM Technician	Operates and maintains telemetry ground handling equipment.
Q.	Data Technician	Prepares schedules, plans, and related activities.

Figure 1-3 illustrates the OCC organization and Table 1-3 is a listing of selected tasks and their assignment to positions.

In order to support the operational group, management, staff personnel, and clerical support is required on a routine basis. The management structure with the associated operational group (which includes position titles and alphabetic identifiers) is depicted in the organization

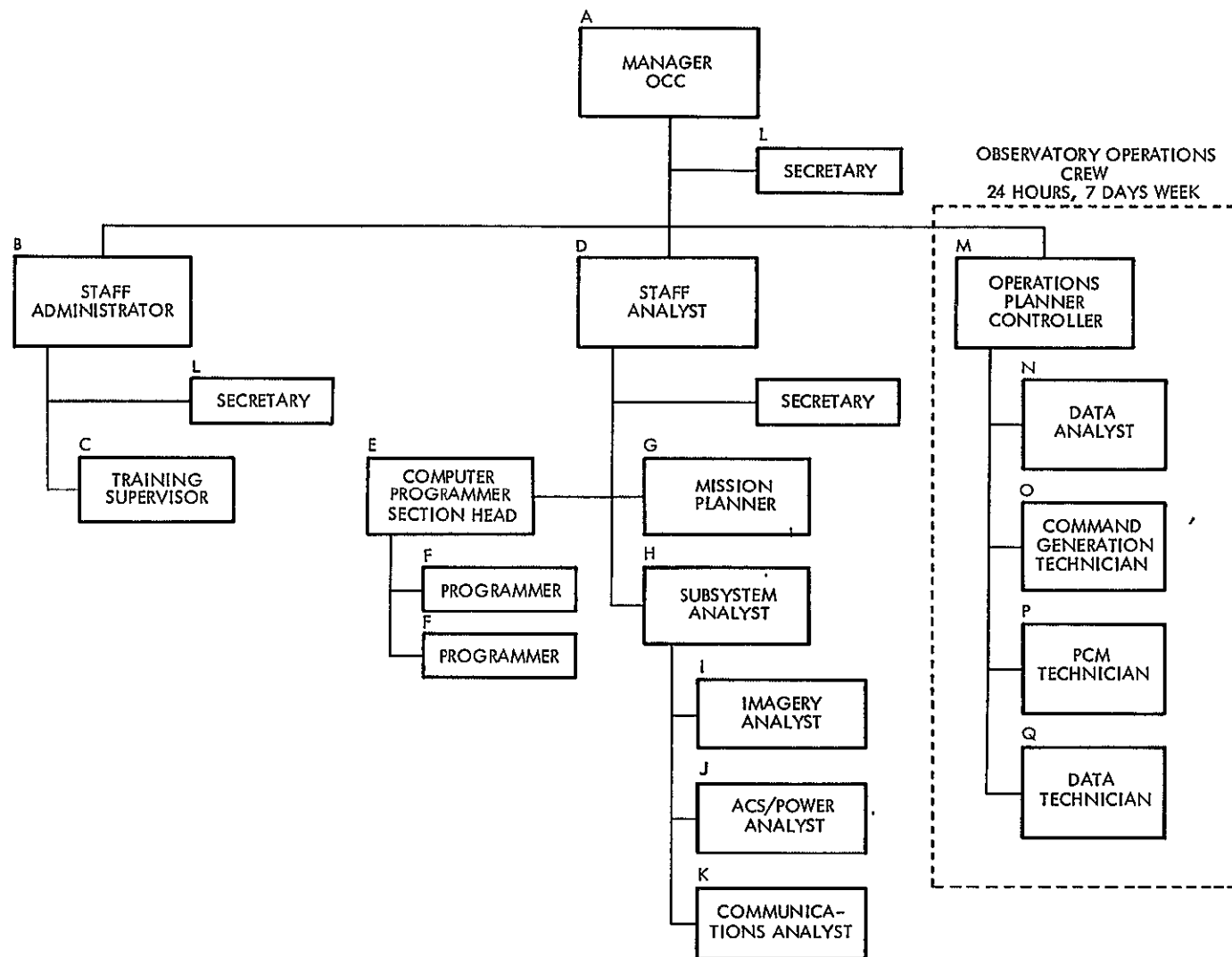


Figure 1-3
OCC ORGANIZATION CHART

Table 1-3. Allocation of Tasks to Operational Positions* within the OCC

Function/Task	M	N	O	P	Q
	Operations Planner Controller	Data Analyst	Command Generation Technician	PCM Technician	Data Technician
Responsible for command activity	x				
Provide weather predictions	x				
Request orbit data	x				
Evaluate observatory health		x			
Perform trend analysis		x			
Review history on critical items		x			
Coordinate station support	x				
Estimate links with station	x				
Communicate with station	x				
Request orbit data	x				
Verify receipt of CMD messages	x				
Operate PCM Data Handling Equipment				x	
Operate PCM tape recorder				x	
Operate Strip Charts				x	

Table 1-3. Allocation of Tasks to Operational Positions* within the OCC

Function/Task	M	N	O	P	Q
	Operations Planner Controller	Data Analyst	Command Generation Technician	PCM Technician	Data Technician
Maintain PCM DHE T/R and strip charts				x	
Handle recorder outputs				x	
Maintain observatory continuity			x		
Review generated list			x		
Review Stored Command Program information			x		
Communicate with NDPF user			x		
Prepare schedules					x
Monitor OCC consumables					x
Generate station pass checklist					x

*Operational positions are manned 24 hours/day, 7 days a week in contrast to management and staff positions which are manned 8 hours/day, 5 days per week.

chart, Figure 1-3. Table 1-4 provides the overall planning estimates for the OCC manning including time required of personnel, personnel classifications and allocation of CRT display consoles to positions.

1. 3. 3 Pre-Launch Staffing

The build-up of the OCC operations team will proceed over a period of 12 months as shown in Figure 1-4. Beginning with a nucleus of the OCC Manager, Staff Analyst, and one Secretary, personnel will be added incrementally until the full complement of 40 personnel required for routine orbital operations is reached at a point two months prior to launch.

The concept of on-the-job training will be utilized from the start. The functions of the OCC Manager and Staff Analyst are to update job descriptions, select personnel, arrange contract labor support if required, and review training requirements of all personnel based upon their working knowledge of spacecraft, payload, and GDHS operations requirements and design. The Training Supervisor will be among the personnel added nine months prior to launch and will be responsible for developing and implementing a training program for all personnel whose responsibility it is to operate and maintain the control center. After approval of the plan by the OCC Manager, he will coordinate and implement the training program to produce operational personnel capable of performing all aspects of their stated job assignments.

The staff administrator will be responsible for preparing and maintaining daily personnel, facilities, and activities schedules during the training period.

The remaining operating personnel will be added in stages. This will permit the original nucleus to train the first group which, after completing its training, will in turn assist in training the next group to be brought in. This process of using personnel who have completed their training to assist in training newcomers will be used until the entire OCC operating staff is fully trained.

Table 1-4. Planning Estimates

Position		Total Number of Personnel Required	Personnel Type
8 hours/day, 5 days/week			
A	Manager OCC	1	Engineer
L	Secretary	1	Secretary
D	Staff Analyst	1	Engineer
L	Secretary	1	Secretary
B	Staff Administrator	1	Administrator
L	Secretary	1	Secretary
G	Mission Planner	1	Engineer
C	Training Supervisor	1	Engineer
H	Subsystem Analyst	1	Engineer
I	Imagery Analyst	1	Engineer
J	ACS/Power Analyst	1	Engineer
K	Communications Analyst	1	Engineer
E	Computer Programmer Section Head	1	Engineer
F	Programmer	1	Technician
F	Programmer	1	Technician
24 hours/day, 7 days/week			
N	Data Analyst*	5	Engineer
M	Operations Planner Controller*	5	Engineer
P	PCM Technician	5	Technician
O	Command Generation Technician	5	Technician
Q	Data Technician	5	Technician
TOTAL		40	

*These positions are manned during an observatory pass.

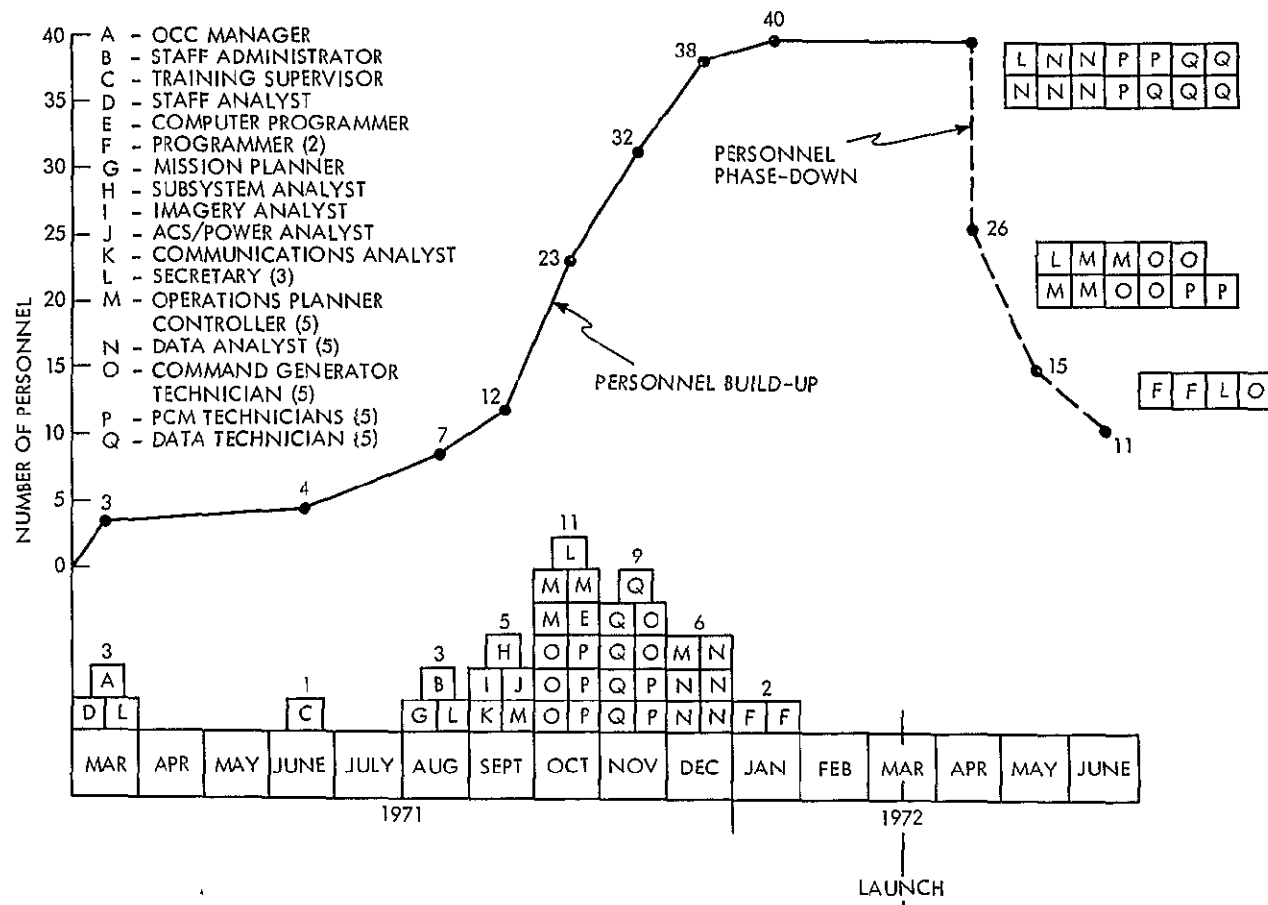


Figure 1-4
OCC STAFFING PHASING

Eighteen of the forty OCC personnel are appropriately skilled to allow TRW to hire them from the local Goddard labor market. These personnel include secretaries, data analysts, command generation technicians, PCM, and data technicians. TRW has investigated the possibility of utilizing contract labor for these personnel during the compatibility test and post-launch operations.

1. 3. 3. 1 Position Descriptions

The duties for the positions depicted in Figure 1-3, OCC Organization Chart are presented below:

<u>Position</u>	<u>Title and Duties</u>
A	OCC Manager
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Responsible for the operations of the OCC and the performance of the operations and support personnel ● Plans, supervises, and coordinates operations and maintenance activities within the OCC. ● Presents command and control operations to ERTS project management. ● Interprets NASA policies and activities for OCC personnel. ● Determines optimum personnel practices, manpower levels, budget requirements, and training programs. ● Establishes schedules and manning necessary to meet operating requirements and determines alternate sources of action as schedules change. ● Reviews and approves the OCC daily activities schedule.
B	Staff Administrator
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Insures that administrative requirements of OCC staff and operational personnel are satisfied. ● Prepares reports in conjunction with other staff members.

C Operations Training Supervisor

- Provides simulated training exercises to newly assigned OCC personnel utilizing script material. Utilizes hardware and software in training exercises as they become available.
- Responsible for the training of all personnel.
- Coordinates with operations controller-planners and systems analysts in obtaining training material and training assistance.
- Provides refresher training to experienced personnel and cross-training in the case of equipment procedures.

D Staff Analyst

- Reviews accomplishment of daily schedules and reports deviations.
- Prepares daily OCC activity schedules.
- Prepares inputs in the form of prioritized maintenance tasks for inclusion in the OCC daily schedule.
- Prepare spacecraft and payload operational reports.
- Coordination activities of subsystem analysis.

E, F Computer Programmer

- Maintains all OCC application programs.
- Coordinates with NDPF Programming Head.
- Writes programs and routines and prepares flow-charts and diagrams as required.
- Checks equipment and performs readiness tests to ensure OCC data processing and display equipment are in an operational mode.
- Assists training supervisor during simulated training sessions. Operates tape decks and ensures equipment is operating properly.

G Mission Planner

- Provides weather interpretations and predictions to operating personnel.
- Provide on-the-job training to Operations Planner-Controller for around-the-clock weather predictions.
- Generates operating procedures for STADAN stations to support ERTS passes.
- Establishes schedules of activities required to generate and distribute command lists for each observatory pass.
- Establishes schedules and manning necessary to meet operating requirements, and determines alternate courses of action as schedule changes.
- Reviews the OCC Daily Schedule to determine position-related assignments.
- Provides master schedule and long term planning; coordinates with all shifts to ensure continuity of operations.
- Prepares reports.

H, I, J, K Subsystem Analysts

The following duties are typical of those performed by each analyst:

- Review pass schedules for payload activity.
- Receives payload data and selects video signals for display.
- Evaluate sensor performance. Examines video images for quality and cloud cover. Confirm basic data quality.
- Evaluates mission performance. Compares sensor coverage against effected coverage.
- Specifies corrective measures. Determines actions required to improve image quality.
- Add annotation comments to video data.
- Generate quick-look report including unfulfilled sensor coverage report.

L Secretary

- Provide clerical/secretarial support as required.
- Type technical and administrative reports.

M Operations Planner Controller

- Coordinates OCC activities.
- Coordination of station support schedule with OPSCON.
- Coordinates the establishment of voice and data links required for ERTS operations.
- Communicates with STADAN stations during pre- and post-pass activities.
- Requests orbital data, weather data, and STADAN/MSFN support.
- Forwards messages and instructions necessary to support ERTS passes to STADAN/MSFN stations.
- Verifies receipt of command messages by STADAN/MSFN.
- Reviews assignment of observatory acquisition opportunities versus users requests.
- Reviews command list, event list, orbit corrections, power budget, and weather data.
- Reviews support schedule.
- Monitors observatory command status.
- Monitors stored command programmer status and contents.
- Checks observatory command sequence against user requests and resolves conflicts.
- Transmits commands to spacecraft as required.
- Reviews observatory command history.
- Checks observatory telemetry for parameter values and equipment status changes associated with verification of command execution.
- Reviews and modifies command lists for each station pass.

- Alters command list based upon weather predictions.
- Performs long-term trend analysis.
- Coordinates required equipment maintenance between observatory passes.

N Data Analyst

- Monitors and evaluates current observatory and sensor health.
- Perform trend analysis on required observatory and payload data.
- Perform subsystem engineering utilizing displays and strip charts.
- Recommends corrective action to improve observatory and payload performance.
- Maintain history of utilization of critical observatory and payload items.
- Performs long-term trend analysis.

O Command Generation Technician

- Compares systems analyst requests against payload and observatory status to maintain observatory continuity.
- Inputs user requests from NDPF to computer.
- Review computer generated event list for accuracy, conflicts, additions, and deletions.
- Review SCP preliminary command sequence, command history.
- Communicates spacecraft and sensor events to NDPF.
- Maintains OCC historical file.

PCM Technician (M and O)

- #### P
- Maintains and operates PCM tape recorders, PCM DHE, and strip chart recorders and scopes.
 - Implements requested strip chart and tape recorder channel assignments and prepares an updated list of channel allocations.

- Configures and monitors telemetry DHE prior to pass related activities.
- Labels, packages and stores tape and strip chart recorder outputs.

Q Data Technician

- Reviews ephemeris and orbit data versus station pass time.
- Prepares and distributes daily OCC time sequence activity to support ERTS operations.
- Maintains surveillance of OCC consumables.
- Prepares ground support schedules.
- Generate station pass check list.

1. 3. 4 Launch Staffing

The OCC personnel manning is supplemented by spacecraft subsystem engineers during the late pre-launch and early orbit operations. These engineers are not considered part of the GDHS operational personnel complement shown in Figure 1-3.

The spacecraft subsystem engineers will be available for assignment to the OCC or to any remote ground station to monitor and assist in spacecraft earth and sun acquisition sequences. During the three month post-launch period they will return to their normal TRW assignments but will be available for further OCC activity upon demand.

1. 3. 5 Post Launch Staffing

A gradual replacement of TRW operations personnel by government or NASA contract personnel will commence approximately six weeks following launch and will continue throughout the remaining post-launch support period. Initially, those personnel replaced will represent the relatively lower skilled levels required for GDHS operations. The staggered phase of technical personnel and their training is planned to produce a fully integrated and trained NASA team at the time the 90-day support period terminates. The TRW training supervisor will remain throughout the post-launch support period to conduct specialized training exercises. It is required that only eleven of the forty integration contractor personnel initially required to operate the OCC will be on-station at contract termination.

1.4 NDPF STAFFING REQUIREMENTS

1.4.1 Task Identification/Allocation

Functions and tasks allocated to manual processing in Requirements Allocation Sheets, Volume 15A were itemized and assigned to positions. Positions were selected on the basis of data and image processing aspects required to support observatory operations. Table 1-5 presents a listing of tasks and their assignment to positions within the NDPF.

1.4.2 Position Identification

In order to support the typical data and image processing positions within the NDPF, management, staff personnel and clerical support is required on a routine basis. The management structure for the NDPF portions of the GDHS is depicted in the organization chart, Figure 1-5. The ADPE organization is incorporated within the NDPF.

Table 1-6 provides the overall planning estimates for the NDPF manning including:

- a) Position Title. Each position within the NDPF will have a position title.
- b) Location. Primary duty position.
- c) Job Classification. A classification of jobs was established to cover all NDPF (including ADPE) positions.
- d) Number of Personnel. The number of personnel for each position within the NDPF which are listed by title on the table for Case A and Case B.

1.4.3 Manning Requirements and Number of Personnel

An analysis was performed of the number of images to be received from the MSS and RBV sensors. This data was then used to determine the amount of time required for each subprocess (bulk and precision modes) and associated human functions for telemetry image data processing and data services. Number of individuals required per shift and number of shifts were determined considering such factors as customer time requirements for the processed film and data.

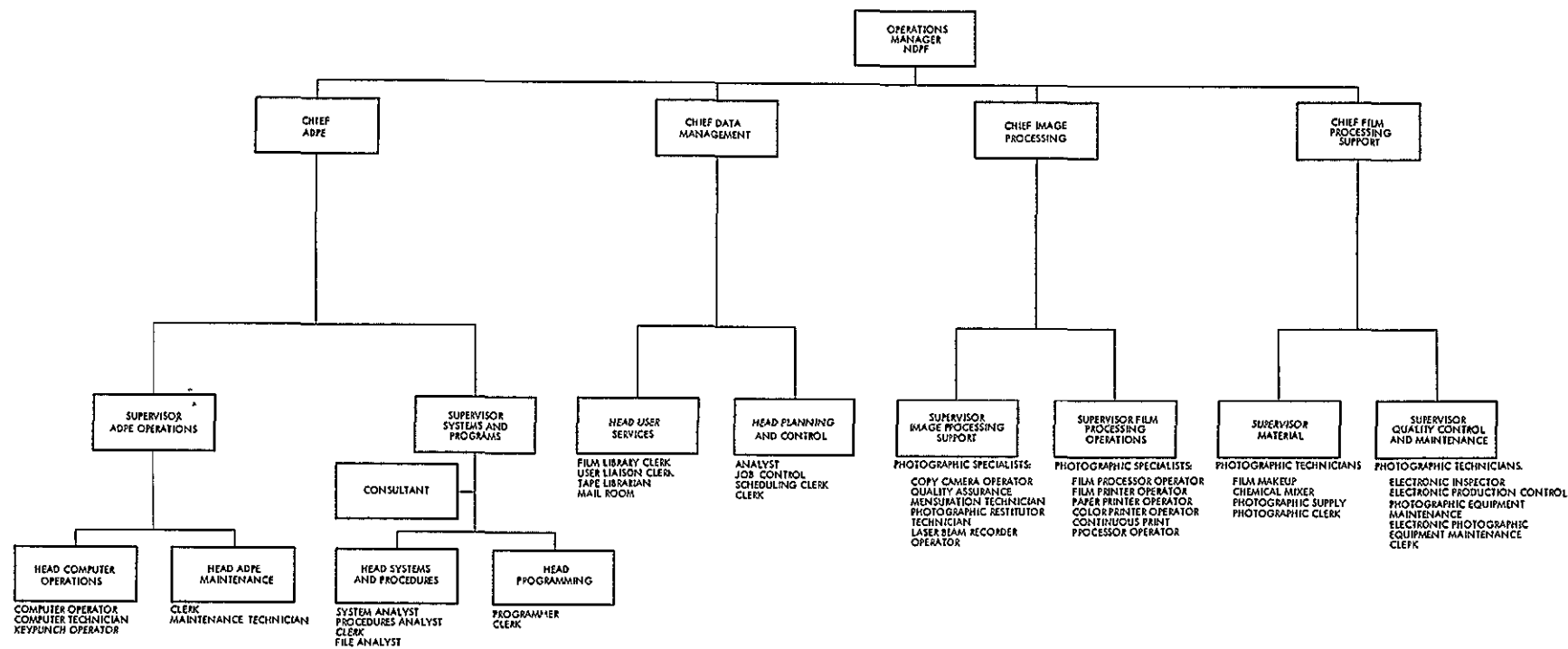


Figure 1-5
NDPF ORGANIZATION CHART

Table 1-5. Allocation of Tasks to Manned Positions in NDPF

Functions/Tasks		Positions								
		Photo Inspector	Chemical Mixer	Film Processor Operator	Copy Camera Operator	Maintenance Photo Equipment	System Analyst	Procedures Analyst	Computer Operator	Computer Technician
1	PERFORM PRODUCTION CONTROL							X	X	X
17	PREPARE FRAME ANNOTATION DATA			X					X	X
34.	PROCESS USER QUERIES						X	X	X	X
19	BULK PROCESS RBV TAPES			X				X	X	X
20	BULK PROCESS MSS TAPES			X				X	X	X
21	PROCESS DCS DATA AND GENERATE MASTER DIGITAL TAPES						X		X	X
22	PROCESS USER INPUTS TO ARCHIVAL FILES							X	X	X
23	GENERATE AND MAINTAIN ARCHIVAL TAPE FILES						X		X	X
24	PREPARE PRECISION FRAME ANNOTATION DATA								X	X
25	PROCESS IN PHOTO LABORATORY		X							
26	PRECISION PROCESS RBV DATA	X						X	X	X
27	PRECISION PROCESS MSS DATA	X						X	X	X
28	MONITOR FACILITY STATUS					X				

Table 1-6. NDPF Manning Requirements

Position Title	Room Number	Job Classification	Number of Personnel	
			Case A	Case B
Operations Manager, NDPF	W221	Operations Manager NDPF	1	1
Chief, Film Processing Support	E205	Senior Photo Specialist	1	2
Supervisor, Quality Control and Maintenance	C2212A	Photo Specialist	1	3
Photo Inspector	C2212A	Photo Technician	2	3
Photo Production Control	E209	Photo Technician	2	3
Photo Equipment Maintenance	C2208	Photo Technician	2	3
Electronic Photo Equipment Maintenance	W226	Photo Technician	2	3
Clerk	C2212A	Clerk, General	3	9
Supervisor, Material	C2206	Photo Specialist	1	3
Film Makeup	E214A	Photo Technician	3	3
Chemical Mixer	C2206A	Photo Technician	2	3
Photo Supply	C2206	Photo Technician	3	9
Photo Clerk	C2206	Photo Technician	2	3
Chief, Image Processing	E203	Senior Photo Specialist	1	3
Supervisor, Film Processing Operations	E216	Photo Specialist	1	3

Table 1-6. NDPF Manning Requirements (Continued)

Position Title	Room Number	Job Classification	Number of Personnel	
			Case A	Case B
Film Processor Operator	E216	Photo Specialist	3	9
Film Printer Operator	E216	Photo Specialist	2	6
Paper Printer Operator	C2203	Photo Specialist	4	12
Color Printer Operator	C2203	Photo Specialist	3	9
Supervisor, Image Processing Support	E203	Photo Specialist	1	3
Copy Camera Operator	E216	Photo Specialist	1	3
Quality Assurance	C2212	Photo Specialist	2	6
Mensuration Technician	C2007	Mensuration Technician	1	3
Photo Restitutor Technician	C2008	Photo Restitutor Technician	1	5
Laser Beam Recorder Operator	C2008	Laser Beam Recorder Operator	1	5
Chief, Data Management	W217	Chief, Data Management	1	1

Table 1-6. NDPF Manning Requirements (Continued)

Position Title	Room Number	Job Classification	Number of Personnel	
			Case A	Case B
Head, User Services	W204	Head, User Services	1	1
Library Clerk	C2106	Library Clerk	2	9
User Liaison Clerk	W202	Clerk, User Liaison	1	1
Clerk	W202	Clerk, General	1	2
Tape Librarian	C2106	Clerk, General	2	5
Mail Room Clerk	E215	Clerk, General	2	6
Head, Planning and Control	W215		1	1
Scheduling Clerk	W213	Clerk, General	3	9
Job Control	W213	Clerk, General	2	3
Analyst	W211	Analyst	4	4
Chief, ADPE	W219	Chief, ADPE	1	1
Supervisor, Systems and Programs	W209	Supervisor, Systems and Programs	1	1
Consultant	W209	Consultant	1	1
Head, Programming	W203	Head, Programming	1	1
Programmer	W203	Computer Programmer	8	8

Table 1-6. NDPF Manning Requirements (Continued)

Position Title	Room Number	Job Classification	Number of Personnel	
			Case A	Case B
Clerk	W203	Clerk, General	1	1
Head, Systems and Procedures	W207	Head, Systems and Procedures	1	1
System Analyst	W207	System Analyst	5	5
Procedures Analyst	W205	Procedures Analyst	5	5
File Analyst	W205	File Analyst	4	9
Clerk	W208	Clerk, General	2	2
Head, ADPE Maintenance	W208	Head, ADPE Maintenance	1	1
Head, Computer Operations	W208	Head, Computer Operations	5	5
Computer Operator*	W208	Computer Operator	20	20
Computer Technician**	W208	Computer Technician	5	5
Keypunch Operator	W201	Keypunch Operator	2	5
Maintenance Technician***	W208	Maintenance Technician	6	6
Supervisor, ADPE Operations	W208	Supervisor, ADPE Operations	1	1
Total			136	235

*Four per shift, 24 hr/day/7 days/wk.

**None per shift, 24 hr/day/7days/wk.

***Two on first shift, one on other shifts, 24 hr/day/7 days/wk.

1.4.4 Position Descriptions

The duties of the key supervisory positions shown in Figure 1-11, NDPF Organization Chart are presented below.

Position

Title and Duties

NDPF Operations Manager

- Responsible for the operation of telemetry imaging and data processing activities and the functions within the data services area.
- Represents NDPF operations to top level ERTS management.
- Interprets NASA policies and activities for NDPF personnel.
- Determines optimum personnel practices, manpower levels, budget requirements and training programs.
- Reviews and approves the NDPF activity schedules.
- Plans, supervises and coordinates operation of the imager/photo processing and data services activities.
- Motivates personnel to the accomplishment of established objectives.
- Maintains or approves contracts with GSFC offices and agencies.
- Evaluates imagery film processing, and data services performance against plans and goals.
- Determines optimum personnel practices, manpower levels, budget requirements and training programs.

- Evaluates feasibility of potential applications and approves of the amount and type of equipment required to perform the applications.

Chief, Film Processing Support

- Responsible for establishing the procedures to assure that the products delivered to the user are of uniformly excellent quality.
- Responsible for the maintenance of the photo and electronic photo equipment.
- Responsible for providing the necessary material to the operations department and for supporting the film processing activities.

Supervisor, Quality Control and Maintenance

- Responsible for implementing the quality control program for the film processing activities
- Supervise the activities of the quality control inspectors and develop the method of determining that all processes are being conducted in accordance with established standards and specifications
- Responsible for the scheduling of all maintenance activities and for assuring that all equipment is in operating condition
- Supervise the maintenance technicians and arrange for contracted maintenance assistance as required

Supervisor, Material

- Supervises the activities of the personnel assigned to the material section.
- Responsible for all chemical handling processes to assure that procedures are used which do not endanger personnel
- Responsible for all supply activities required to support the film processing operations
- Responsible for the preparation and implementation of personnel and equipment schedules to provide the necessary materials to the operations section.

Chief, Image Processing

- Responsible for the operations of the film processing activities in converting the RBV and MSS data into photographs required by the users.
- Responsible for the personnel assigned to the film processing section to assure that schedules are met.
- Responsible for the development of the procedures used by the film processing personnel and for the adherence to safe and efficient methods.

Supervisor, Film Processing Operations

- Plans and administers the operation of the activities performed in the film processing department.
- Maintains efficient utilization of film processing equipment and personnel resources.
- Establishes schedules to meet operating requirements and determines alternate courses of action as schedules change.
- Verifies adherence to prescribed operating rules and regulations.
- Provides proper training for operating personnel.
- Evaluates quality of personnel and procedures and makes adjustments.

Supervisor, Image Processing Support

- Plans and administers the operation of the activities performed in the film processing support department.
- Establishes schedules to meet operating requirements.
- Reviews and establishes prescribed operating rules and regulations and verifies that these are followed by all department personnel.
- Provides proper training of department personnel.
- Evaluates quality of personnel and procedures and makes all necessary changes.

Chief, Data Management

- Responsible for the job control activities necessary for the proper handling of all user requests.
- Responsible for the maintenance and updating of the film library
- Responsible for the scheduling of user requests and the satisfaction of user requirements
- Supervises the photo handling activities to assure proper forwarding of data to users on a timely basis

ADPE Chief

- Plans and administers the operations of the personnel assigned to the ADPE departments
- Maintains efficient utilization of computing equipment and personnel resources.
- Establishes schedules to meet operating requirements, and determines alternate courses of action as schedules change.
- Verifies adherence to prescribed operating rules and regulations
- Determines internal report requirements (for example, machine utilization).
- Sets acceptance standards for production programs and documentation received from the methods group.
- Provides proper training for operating personnel
- Evaluates quality of personnel and procedures and makes adjustments as necessary

Supervisor, Systems and Programs

- Interprets broad areas to be investigated, general aims of the methods group, and proves feasibility of application projects.
- Supervises planning, design, coding and documentation of projects to insure their proper execution.
- Reviews and coordinates procedures employed in implementing and maintaining the data system and recommends appropriate procedures to support job completion on schedule.

- Endorses application of the latest machine programming systems and systems techniques.
- Maintains liaison between methods and each of the operating groups.

Head, Programming

- Plans, schedules and supervises preparation and maintenance of all NDPF applications programs.
- Assigns, outlines and coordinates work of programmers.
- Trains subordinates to prepare and write programs, routines, flowcharts, and diagrams.
- Reviews, evaluates and reports performance
- Collaborates with supervisor of systems and procedures on schedules and NDPF
- Updates and maintains programming systems, and evaluates new programming languages and documentation techniques as they become available.

Head, Systems and Procedures

- Supervises assigned personnel and coordinates work of the analysts.
- Works with the manager of programming to determine project completion dates and personnel requirements.
- Establishes documentation standards and recommends techniques and methods to secure adequate and consistent documentation.
- Checks all data generated within his operation for correctness and for adherence to set data formats and editing procedures
- Communicates with other departments on NDPF requirements
- Prepares standards instructions on such subjects as record formats, routines, labels audit, and machine controls

Head, ADPE Maintenance

- Plans, supervises and coordinates the maintenance activities on the automatic data processing equipment in the NDPF
- Responsible for maintaining the ADPE in proper operating conditions and for the performance of testing necessary to prevent or correct equipment malfunction
- Responsible for scheduling the activities of the maintenance technicians of the section
- Responsible for the coordination of contractor furnished maintenance and the scheduling of maintenance activities

Head, Computer Operations

- Supervises the operations of the computer room, including computer operators and keypunch operators.
- Communicates with other departments on NDPF requirements
- Trains subordinates in computer room operations
- Supports both OCC and image processing personnel as necessary in the performance of their duties.

Supervisor, ADPE Operations

- Responsible for the operations of the computer equipment and for the personnel assigned to the section
- Responsible for the maintenance of the equipment to assure ADPE support of OCC and NDPF activities
- Responsible for the scheduling of ADPE personnel and equipment to support the implementation of all operating schedules.

1.5 TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

A training program will be developed and implemented for Contractor/NASA personnel who will operate and maintain the GDHS equipment at GSFC. An overall training plan will be generated by the OCC training supervisor describing methods and procedures required to conduct the training program on all GDHS hardware/software equipment (OCC, NDPF, and ADPE). The training supervisor will receive training program planning from IBM/ITEK personnel, evaluate this information and integrate

it into the training plan. After approval of the training plan the training supervisor will coordinate and implement the training program at GSFC to produce trained Contractor/NASA personnel who can perform all required aspects of their stated job assignments.

The major phases of the training program are identified as follows and will occur, in general, in the sequence listed:

- a) Develop detailed GDHS position descriptions
- b) Establish personnel selection process
- c) Perform detailed training requirements analysis
- d) Accomplish tutorial training
- e) Provide work experience learning activity
- f) Conduct classroom (theory) training
- g) Conduct on-the-job-training (OJT)

1.5.1 GDHS Position Descriptions

The description of the staffing arrangement and descriptions of each designated position at GSFC will furnish the basis for that part of the training requirements analysis which deals with the operational and maintenance requirements in support of the mission objectives. Associated with each of the position descriptions will be experience prerequisites which will provide basic guidelines for the initial evaluation of candidate suitability.

1.5.2 Establish Personnel Selection Process

Project management will make the selection of candidates deemed qualified (through past experience and future training) to assume specific maintenance and operations positions. Upon the identification of candidates for each position, interviews with each candidate will be held by the training supervisor. The purpose of such interviews will be to determine:

- a) The technical experience background, skills and knowledge that the individual is bringing with him.

- b) His present technical assignment on the project.
- c) General assessment of his technical strengths and weaknesses with respect to such an assignment.

Maintenance and operations personnel will be selected by project management from the group of candidates after the processes of screening, interviewing, and evaluating have been completed.

The interview data, together with the training requirements analysis evaluation, will comprise an individualized training package for each candidate. Such material will provide the necessary administrative guidelines which will determine the type, extent, and timing of training activities for each candidate. The training packages will be consolidated in a separate reference document and will be periodically reviewed and revised as required.

1.5.3 Perform Detailed Training Requirements Analysis

The process of determining the training needs of each of the designated candidates for maintenance and operation assignments is generally known as a training requirements analysis (TRA). The first part of this procedure will involve the analysis of what each position requires for satisfactory performance in support of all mission objectives. The second part of the analysis will be concerned with the evaluation of the skills and knowledge which the maintenance and operation candidate brings with him. Such data is then compared with the position requirements. The substance of training will then be identified as the difference between the above two evaluations (the "training gap"). The third part of this analysis will proceed with the determination of the following:

- a) What is the appropriate and/or necessary means for training the given individual? What can be provided through tutorial training? What will require formal classroom training?
- b) Is there a prerequisite course requirement (i. e. , attendance at an IBM training center) ?
- c) To what equipment should the individual be exposed as part of his on-the-equipment training needs?

1. 5. 4 Accomplish Tutorial Training

Tutorial training is defined as that learning situation which occurs when a trainee is assigned to a resource person for the purpose of promoting the orderly, controlled and quick development of the trainee's knowledge in much the same way that a good tutor in a foreign language would do

The training plan can only provide generalized guidelines for the direction, scope and administrative characteristics of the tutorial training activity. However, the individualized training packages, which are being developed for each maintenance and operations candidate, will provide the necessary detail and direction. They will be revised and refined as more information concerning each candidate becomes available and is programmed into his own training package.

1. 5. 5 Provide Work Experience Training

This type of training can be categorized as work experience learning activity. It is the most informal of the various types of training. Such learning activity will be characterized by the fact that what distinguishes it from purely work activity is the following: It is a direct assignment of the maintenance and operations candidate to a work activity to which he probably would not have been directed if there were not a training need involved. Since this particular need has been diagnosed in his individual training package, the decision will be made that a special work assignment will best meet the individuals' learning needs in this instance.

1. 5. 6 Conduct Classroom (Theory) Training

This type of training will be the most formal type of the four. It will be characterized as standard theory of operation training; however, the following distinguishing features will be stressed in these courses:

- a) System familiarization
- b) Operating procedures
- c) Maintenance procedures
- d) Hardware interfaces
- e) Software interfaces
- f) Self-test routines

1.5.7 Conduct On-The-Job-Training (OJT)

The final phase of the training program will involve OJT activity to provide maintenance and operations personnel with instruction on actual hardware. The first part of OJT is concerned with position training for crew members that interface with operating station consoles. Use will be made of position checklists to ensure that all crew members are intimately familiar with all aspects of their console operations. The second part of OJT is concerned with team training where the total crew performs exercises/scenarios in preparation for launch readiness activity. The position/team training will encompass all aspects of ERTS operations including prelaunch, initial, orbit, and routine on-orbit operations.

The performance of all operations and maintenance personnel will be monitored throughout the training program. During formal classroom courses examinations will be given to monitor student progress and areas of weakness. These may be in the form of daily quizzes, laboratory worksheet problems, or formal course examinations. Students will be evaluated and class performance will be monitored as a means of determining individual and class comprehension or areas requiring additional emphasis.

Since performance on the job is paramount, the Contractor will provide quality assurance of the training program by measuring its results in terms of job performance. This will require setting up performance testing procedures. Students' assimilation of material and understanding of their console position will be determined from evaluation of student response and progress in comparison with peers. Students who do not demonstrate acceptable progress will be given additional assistance in the form of tutorial or specialized guidance, or will be replaced.

1.6 TRAINING AIDS

Training aids to be provided are based on the concept of total training. They include course outlines, lesson plans, technical manuals, position checklists, graphic aids, deliverable equipment, and guides to engineering documentation.

1. 6. 1 Course Outlines

A course outline will be prepared for each course that will be presented at GSFC. The course outline will include the course description, and a detailed outline describing the content of each lecture, each lesson, laboratory worksheets, training aids to be used, the length of time to be spent on each lecture and lesson, and the scheduled examination to be given.

1. 6. 2 Lesson Plans

Lesson plans will be prepared based on the course outlines. These plans are prepared to assist the instructor in presenting and scheduling his course material. The lesson plans define, describe, and present exercises and examinations which constitute course instruction for personnel. The lesson plan will describe in a concise manner the nature of the particular presentation which the instructor will provide for a given span of instruction. Included will be memory triggers and/or sources of technical information that may be researched by the instructor to better prepare him for his instruction. Each major instructional topic will be allocated consistent with its relative importance to the instructional objective of which it is a part. The type of lesson plan (i. e. , lecture, demonstration, laboratory exercise, troubleshooting or maintenance task, examination, etc.) will be stated. A concise statement of the lesson objectives will be included as part of the scope of instruction.

1. 6. 3 Technical Manuals

Preliminary copies of technical manuals will be available early in the program for training purposes. Students will be trained as to the complete content of these manuals and how to use them in operating and maintaining the GDHS equipment.

1. 6. 4 Graphic Aids

Graphic aids will be used in the classroom and in self-study sessions. Projection transparencies will show diagrammatic sketches, simplified schematics, functional block diagrams, logic diagrams, and descriptive photographs or line drawings of console operating positions showing controls and indicators, simplified functional diagrams of the system, and operational checklists.

1. 6. 5 Deliverable Equipment

Deliverable equipment will be used, where possible, to acquaint the student with the equipment and to demonstrate operational and maintenance procedures.

1. 6. 6 Guide/Index to Engineering Documentation

A guide/index to selected engineering documentation will be prepared and distributed to students. The guide will contain a list of engineering drawings, selected technical reports, test procedures, software programs and other documentation pertaining to the GDHS equipment.

1. 7 TRAINING PLAN AND MILESTONE SCHEDULE

A training plan will be generated describing the total training program required for Contractor/NASA personnel to ensure successful operation and maintenance of the GDHS equipment. The content of the training plan will be essentially what is presented below:

<u>Section</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Content</u>
1	Introduction	Training plan scope
2	Training Program Objectives	Training objectives, concepts, approach
3	Training Program Development/Phases	Development of major training program events - types of training
4	Curriculum	Outline of courses
5	Training Aids	Materials and equipment to be used in support of training
6	Training Facilities	Facilities required in support of training
7	Personnel	Training staff requirements
8	Schedule	Detailed schedule for all training activities

A preliminary training plan will be submitted to NASA for approval 1 May 1971. The training supervisor will coordinate with NASA personnel on the plan, incorporate their comments, and publish an approved final

plan 1 August 1971. These milestones along with other major training program milestones are shown in Figure 1-6. The training program milestones have been scheduled to dovetail other related project activities both at the contractor's plant and at GSFC.

1.8 TECHNICAL MANUAL REQUIREMENTS

Technical manuals will be generated to support operation and maintenance of the GDHS equipment. Preliminary copies of the manuals will be available in sufficient time to support compatibility testing and training activities. The preliminary copies of the manuals will be updated during the compatibility testing period to reflect any changes made to equipment prior to launch and to incorporate any field feedback comments. Final copies of the manuals will be furnished to NASA at the time of equipment turnover.

The technical manuals required will be furnished by the technical publications department within the System Support and Logistics (SS&L) Laboratory. The responsibility of the technical publications department is to accomplish the following:

- a) Identify type, format, and contents of all technical manuals required to support GDHS equipment.
- b) Schedule and provide for technical manual development in consonance with project requirements.
- c) Generate manuals and coordinate their development with applicable areas of project office and engineering subprojects.
- d) Procure, receive, review, accept, and approve the required number of vendor manuals; vendor manuals shall include both off-the-shelf hardware manuals and manual prepared for hardware designed uniquely for the project.
- e) Provide project office with a distribution list covering contact quantities plus local and residual quantities desired.
- f) Provide and maintain a complete listing of all technical manuals.
- g) Obtain and incorporate engineering and user comments as well as the effects of formal engineering changes (E. O. 's) into released manuals through a change page and/or revision program.

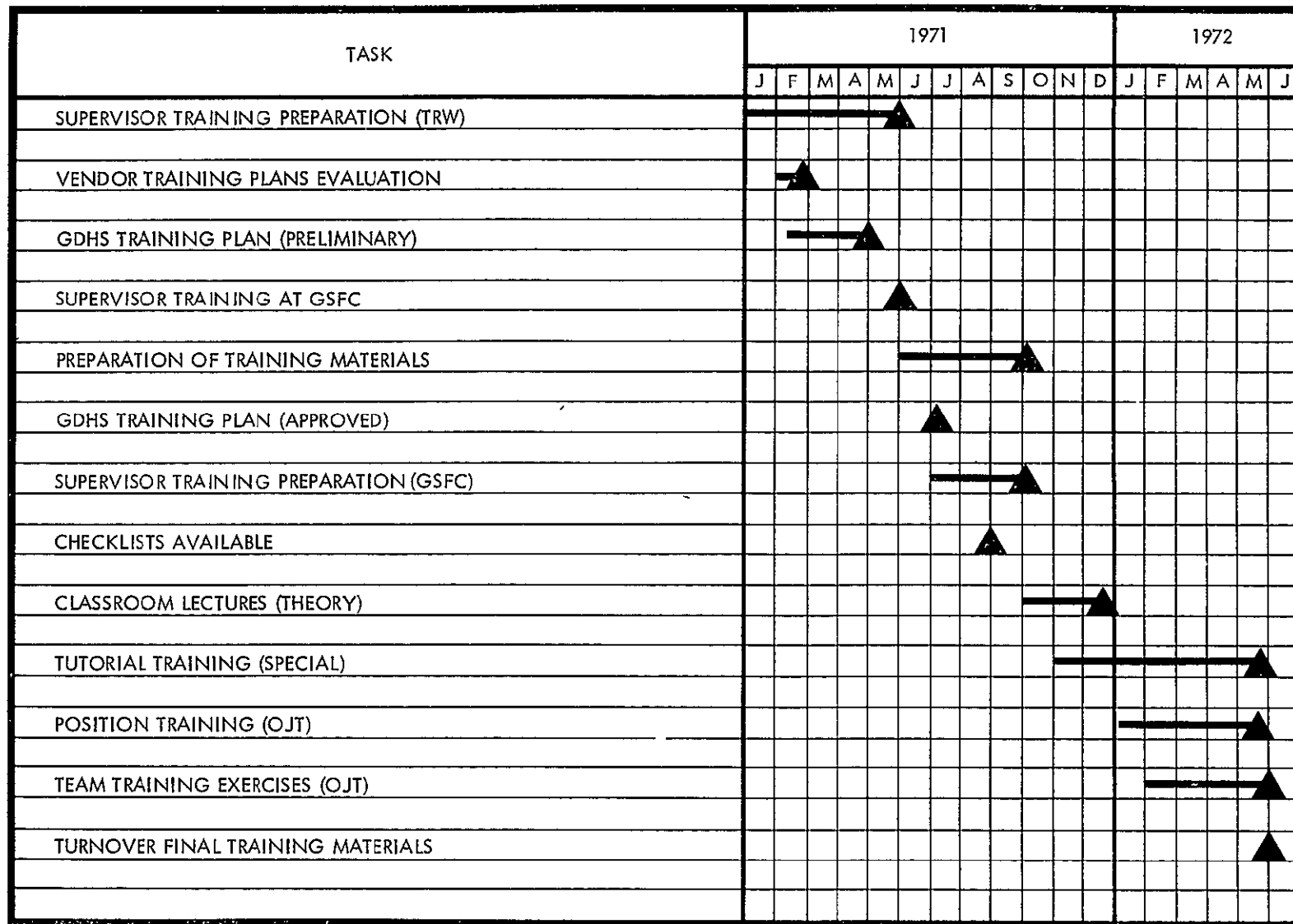


Figure 1-6
TRAINING PROGRAM MILESTONES

The above sequence of events briefly identifies the technical manual background development, coordination areas and responsibilities, initial release, point of control, and process of revision. This procedure is applicable to all technical manual release and change activity up to the time of final acceptance of the composite equipment (GDHS) for which the manuals are prepared.

The following types of manuals will, in general, be required to support the GDHS equipment and training activities:

- a) Subsystem manuals
- b) Equipment maintenance manuals
- c) Position checklists
- d) Software operations manual

Subsystem manuals will be furnished for the major subsystems of the GDHS equipment (OCC and NDPF). The subsystem manuals will tie in the operation of all the units comprising a subsystem from a total system viewpoint. Major loop self tests available in major equipment components will be contained in these manuals to enable M&O personnel to quickly isolate to a drawer/major unit in the equipment

Maintenance manuals will be furnished for all drawer/major unit equipment requiring periodic and/or corrective maintenance at GSFC. The maintenance manuals will be separated into the following major divisions and presented in the sequence shown below:

<u>Section</u>	<u>Contents</u>
1	General description
2	Theory of operation
3	Preparation for use
4	Test equipment and special tools
5	Checkout and operation
6	Preventive maintenance and calibration

The position checklists will be used by ground station operators during ERTS operations. Each checklist will be designed to a particular position (ground station operation) and will instruct the operator as to what tasks he has to accomplish and the time sequence they are to be accomplished in during all ERTS mission operations (prelaunch, initial operations, routine operations). Each position checklist is keyed to a particular position manual which describes how to accomplish the tasks contained in the checklist.

The software operations manual contains a complete description of the ADPE man-machine interface in the GDHS. It contains philosophy and details concerning usage of the ADPE computer program subsystem, interpretation of output, and the operator interface functions for both the OCC and the NDPF. Since the manual addresses operational time-lines and operator interface, it is used by GDHS operations personnel in support of training and planning.

1.9 GDHS PERSONNEL SPECIFICATION AND ITS CONFIGURATION CONTROL

1.9.1 Description

The GDHS Personnel Specification as it appears in Volume 19 sets forth the qualitative and quantitative operations and maintenance personnel requirements, including position definitions, organization charts, and manning levels for the OCC and NDPF. It also sets forth requirements for training and technical manuals in support of the operations and maintenance staffing.

1.9.2 Interfaces With Hardware and Software Specifications

The GDHS Personnel Specification completes the trilogy subsystem specifications covering hardware, software, and personnel which are required to describe the total spectrum of performance/design requirements for implementation of the GDHS System performance requirements. It, therefore, sets forth the personnel skill, training and procedural requirements for effectively fulfilling the man-machine-software interfaces in the system functional design as described in Volume 2, Requirements Allocation Sheets, of the ERTS Functional Requirements Analysis.

1.9.3 Purpose of Configuration Control of Manning, Training Courses, and Technical Manuals

Staffing requirements, like hardware and software requirements, must be controlled in the engineering design and development process. Proposed changes in manning, whether qualitative or quantitative, can and often do have an impact on equipment design characteristics. For example, a proposed substitution of a technician which may occur concomitantly with changes in hardware and software requirements specifications, or which may be independently initiated because of some need to better optimize the performance characteristics of the overall man-machine-software design.

1.10 MANPOWER COST ESTIMATES

Table 1-8 presents the OCC and NDPF manpower cost estimates based upon typical estimates of yearly salaries anticipated for the job skills that are required.

1.10.1 NDPF "Case B" Cost Estimate

The "Case B" mode of operation would require manning certain job positions on a 3-shift/day basis, 5 days/week. These positions are identified in Table 1-5, which when related to the NDPF manpower cost estimates set forth in Table 1-7, and multiplied by the number required to provide the additional 2 shifts per day would increase the total manpower costs by an estimated \$692,200 a year.

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)
GDHS Staff	Manager, GDHS	1/1	25,000	25,000
	Administrator, GDHS	1/1	15,000	15,000
	Secretary, GDHS Manager	1/1	7,000	7,000
	Secretary, GDHS Administrator	1/1	5,000	5,000
Total				52,000
Operations Control Center	OCC Manager	1/1	24,000	24,000
	Staff Administrator	1/1	15,000	15,000
	Training Supervisor	1/1	18,000	18,000
	Staff Analyst	1/1	22,000	22,000
	Computer Programmer	1/1	19,000	19,000
	Programmer	2/2	12,000	24,000
	Mission Planner	1/1	18,000	18,000
	Subsystem Analyst	1/1	18,000	18,000
	Imagery Analyst	1/1	18,000	18,000

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates (Continued)

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)
Operations Control Center (cont)	ACS/Power Analyst	1/1	17,000	17,000
	Communications Analyst	1/1	17,000	17,000
	Secretary (Manager)	1/1	7,000	7,000
	Secretary (Staff Administrator)	1/1	5,000	5,000
	Secretary (Staff Analyst)	1/1	5,000	5,000
	Operations Planner Controller	5/5	15,000	75,000
	Data Analyst	5/5	8,000	40,000
	Command Generation Technician	5/5	10,000	50,000
	PCM Technician	5/5	8,000	40,000
	Data Technician	5/5	7,000	35,000
Total				467,000

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates (Continued)

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)	
				Case A	Case B
NDPF	Operations Manager, NDPF	1/1	22,000	22,000	22,000
	Chief, Film Processing Support	1/2	12,000	12,000	24,000
	Supervisor, Q. C. and Maintenance	1/3	9,000	9,000	27,000
	Photo Inspector	2/3	6,000	12,000	18,000
	Photo Production Control	2/3	10,000	20,000	30,000
	Photo Equipment Maintenance	2/3	9,000	18,000	27,000
	Electronic Photo Equipment Maintenance	2/3	8,000	16,000	24,000
	Clerk	3/9	5,000	15,000	45,000
	Supervisor, Material	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Film Makeup	3/3	6,000	18,000	18,000
	Chemical Mixer	2/3	6,000	12,000	18,000
	Photo Supply	3/9	4,600	13,800	41,400
	Photo Clerk	2/3	4,600	9,200	13,800

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates (Continued)

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)	
				Case A	Case B
NDPF (cont)	Chief, Image Processing	1/3	12,000	12,000	36,000
	Supervisor, Film Processing Operations	1/3	10,000	10,000	30,000
	Film Processor Operator	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Film Processor Operator	2/6	6,000	12,000	36,000
	Film Printer Operator	1/3	6,000	6,000	18,000
	Film Printer Operator	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Paper Printer Operator	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Paper Printer Operator	3/9	6,000	18,000	54,000
	Color Printer Operator	2/3	6,000	12,000	18,000
	Color Printer Operator	1/6	8,000	8,000	48,000

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates (Continued)

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)	
				Case A	Case B
NDPF (cont)	Supervisor, Image Processing Support	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Copy Camera Operator	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Quality Assurance	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Quality Assurance	1/3	6,000	6,000	18,000
	Mensuration Technician	1/3	8,000	8,000	24,000
	Photo Restitutor Technician	1/5	9,000	9,000	45,000
	Laser Beam Recorder Operator	1/5	9,000	9,000	45,000
Total		Case A		343,000	
		Case B			848,200

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates (Continued)

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)	
				Case A	Case B
NDPF (ADPE)	Supervisor, ADPE Operations	1/1	22,000	22,000	22,000
	Chief, Data Management	1/1	18,000	18,000	18,000
	Head, User Services	1/1	8,000	8,000	8,000
	Library Clerk	1/3	6,000	6,000	18,000
	Library Clerk	1/6	5,000	5,000	30,000
	User Liaison Clerk	1/1	5,000	5,000	5,000
	Clerk	1/2	5,000	5,000	10,000
	Tape Librarian	2/5	5,000	10,000	25,000
	Mail Room Clerk	2/6	4,000	8,000	24,000
	Head, Planning and Control	1/1	12,000	12,000	12,000
	Scheduling Clerk	3/9	5,000	15,000	45,000
	Job Control	2/3	7,500	15,000	22,500
	Analyst	4/4	10,000	40,000	40,000

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates (Continued)

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)	
				Case A	Case B
NDPF (ADPE) (cont)	Chief, ADPE	1/1	18,000	18,000	18,000
	Supervisor, Systems and Programs	1/1	16,000	16,000	16,000
	Consultant	1/1	17,000	17,000	17,000
	Head, Programming	1/1	16,000	16,000	16,000
	Programmer	8/8	14,000	112,000	112,000
	Clerk	1/1	5,000	5,000	5,000
	Head, Systems and Procedures	1/1	16,000	16,000	16,000
	System Analyst	2/2	14,000	28,000	28,000
	System Analyst	3/3	11,000	33,000	33,000
	Procedures Analyst	1/1	14,000	14,000	14,000
	Procedures Analyst	4/4	11,000	44,000	44,000
	File Analyst	1/3	15,000	15,000	45,000
	File Analyst	3/6	10,000	30,000	60,000

Table 1-7. GDHS Manpower Cost Estimates (Continued)

Functional Area	Position Title	Number per Work Shift Case A/Case B	Estimated Annual Wages (Dollars)	Total Annual Wages per Function (Dollars)	
				<u>Case A</u>	<u>Case B</u>
NDPF (ADPE) (cont)	Clerk	2/2	5,000	10,000	10,000
	Head, ADPE Maintenance	1/1	10,000	10,000	10,000
	Head, Computer Operations	5/5	17,000	85,000	85,000
	Computer Operators	20/20	8,500	170,000	170,000
	Computer Technician	5/5	5,000	25,000	25,000
	Key punch Operators	2/5	5,500	11,000	27,500
	Maintenance Technicians	6/6	5,000	30,000	30,000
Total		Case A		874,000	
		Case B			1,061,000
GDHS Total Manpower Cost		Case A		1,736,000	
		Case B			2,428,200

2. MATERIAL USAGE PLANNING

This section contains the results of the GDHS study task devoted to the compilation of material requirements for operation of the Operations Communication Center, Automatic Data Processing Equipment, and Image and Photo Processing. The material presented in the tables contained within this section represent items which are required initially to set-up station operations and expendables which are consumed as part of one year operation of the station.

Specifically, Tables 2-1, 2-2, and 2-3, contains the film, chemicals and paper consumed by the NDPF on the basis of one years operation, Table 2-4 lists the miscellaneous materials required for photo processing which are not necessarily expendable in one years operation except for attrition replacements. Table 2-5 are the expendables which represent major cost items utilized in one year for the ADPE. Table 2-6 similarly represents estimated expendables for one years operation of the OCC. Finally, Table 2-7 is simply a listing of miscellaneous materials which are required to support the maintenance and safety requirements for the station equipment and operation personnel.

The unit costs for all of the expendables itemized herein reflect estimated quantity discounts for the yearly estimates. However, the actual volume and method of procuring these expendable materials, particularly if purchased in very large bulk shipments can significantly influence the ultimate cost of operating the station during the year. Therefore, the summary material costs which are identified herein are useful only as planning estimates. Bulk purchases on the open market could vary the actual cost of these materials by as much as 10 percent.

The major expenditures for material during the year of GDHS operations is represented by magnetic tape, computer tape, data hard copy, film chemicals, and photographic paper. Administrative materials and the cost of services and materials for data copy reproduction also represent a moderately large expenditure. However, the ERTS user

demand upon the GDHS which obviously dictates the amount of this expenditure is difficult to anticipate. Therefore, the cost of administrative materials and services as well as the cost of copy reproduction are intentionally excluded from the yearly material cost estimates which have been computed for GDHS operation.

The summary for GDHS material costs for the year are listed below:

<u>Facility Area</u>	<u>Material Item</u>	<u>Case A Usage</u>	<u>Case B Usage</u>
OCC	Magnetic tape, Strip chart paper, Printer paper, Hard copy paper, Teletype paper and tape, etc.	\$ 39,683	\$ 39,683
NDPF (ADPE)	Computer tape, Data film tape, RBV and MSS bulk, Storage tape, Printer paper, Punch card, etc.	458,620	1,141,900
NDPF (Image and Processing)	Film	638,024	1,771,144
	Paper	322,715	908,164
	Chemicals	27,316	102,480
	Total	<u>\$1,486,358</u>	<u>\$3,963,371</u>

Table 2-1. Photo Processing Material and Costs - Film Requirements

Case	Operational Mode	Daily Usage Rationale		Estimated Cost per Day (Dollars)	Estimated Cost per Annum (Dollars)
A	Bulk Mode II	Frames per day (7-day week)	315 (135/180)		
		Sets per day (7-day week)	45		
		Sets to be processed per day	45		
		Bulk records	441 (375 ft)	56	20, 531
		Masters (2 P)	441 (375 ft)	56	20, 531
		Copy negatives (3 N)	4, 410 (3, 750 ft)	562	205, 313
		Copy positives (4 P)	4, 410 (3, 750 ft)	562	205, 313
		Color negatives	39 (35 ft)	42	15, 242
		Color positive transparencies	390 (350 ft)	420	153, 300
		Total	1698	620, 230	

Note: Bulk records costs based upon \$120 per 500 feet

Cost based upon \$75 per 500 feet

Masters/copy negatives/copy positives

Color negatives based upon \$720 per 600 feet

Color positive transparencies based upon \$300 per 250 feet

Table 2-1. Photo Processing Material and Costs - Film Requirements

Case	Operational Mode	Daily Usage Rationale		Estimated Cost per Day (Dollars)	Estimated Cost per Annum (Dollars)
B	Bulk Mode II	Frames per day (7-day week)	1, 320 (495/825)		
		Sets per day (7-day week)	165		
		Sets to be processed per day	165		
		Bulk Records (1 N)	1, 320 (1, 100 ft)	165	60, 225
		Masters (2 P)	1, 320 (1, 100 ft)	165	60, 225
		Copy negatives (3 N)	13, 200 (11, 000 ft)	1650	602, 250
		Copy positives (4 P)	13, 200 (11, 000 ft)	1650	602, 250
		Color negatives	99 (85 ft)	102	37, 212
		Color positive transparencies	990 (850 ft)	1020	372, 300
		Total		4752	1, 734, 462

Note: Bulk records costs based upon \$120 per 500 feet

Cost based upon \$75 per 500 feet

Masters/copy negatives/copy positives

Color negatives based upon \$720 per 600 feet

Color positive transparencies based upon \$300 per 250 feet

Table 2-1. Photo Processing Material and Costs - Film Requirements

Case	Operational Mode	Daily Usage Rationale		Estimated Cost per Day (Dollars)	Estimated Cost per Annum (Dollars)
A	Precision Mode	Sets per day (7-day week)	2.25		
		Sets to be processed (1 day)	4		
		RBV masters (1 N)	12 (15 ft)	2	821
		MSS masters (1 N)	16 (20 ft)	3	1095
		Copy negatives (3 N)	28 (25 ft)	4	1369
		Copy positives (2 P)	28 (25 ft)	4	1369
		Color negatives	12 (15 ft)	18	6570
		Color positive transparencies	12 (15 ft)	18	6570
		Totals		49	17,794

Note: Bulk records costs based upon \$120 per 500 feet

Cost based upon \$75 per 500 feet

Masters/copy negatives/copy positives

Color negatives based upon \$720 per 600 feet

Color positive transparencies based upon \$300 per 250 feet

Table 2-1. Photo Processing Material and Costs - Film Requirements

Case	Operational Mode	Daily Usage Rationale		Estimated Cost per Day (Dollars)	Estimated Cost per Annum (Dollars)
B	Precision Mode	Sets per day (7-day week)	2.25		
		Sets to be processed (1 day)	9		
		RBV masters (1 N)	27 (30 ft)	\$ 5	\$ 1642
		MSS masters (1 N)	36 (40 ft)	6	2190
		Copy positives (2 P)	63 (60 ft)	9	3285
		Copy negatives (3 N)	63 (60 ft)	9	3285
		Color negatives	27 (30 ft)	36	13, 140
		Color positive transparencies	27 (30 ft)	36	13, 140
Totals			\$101	\$36, 682	

Note: Bulk records costs based upon \$120 per 500 feet

Cost based upon \$75 per 500 feet

Masters/copy negatives/copy positives

Color negatives based upon \$720 per 600 feet

Color positive transparencies based upon \$300 per 250 feet

Table 2-2. Photo Processing Materials and Costs - Chemical Requirements

Case	Operational Mode	Daily Usage Rationale		Estimated Cost per Day (Dollars)	Estimated Cost per Annum (Dollars)
A	Bulk Mode II	Bulk records	\$ 5.06 x 365	\$ 5.06	\$ 1,847
		Masters	3.00 x 365	3.00	1,095
		Copy negatives	30.00 x 365	30.00	10,950
		Copy positives	30.00 x 365	30.00	10,950
		Color negatives	\$.28 x 365	0.28	102
		Color transparencies	3.50 x 365	3.50	1,277
		Totals		71.84	26,221
B	Bulk Mode II	Bulk records	\$14.85 x 365	14.85	5,420
		Masters	8.80 x 365	8.80	3,212
		Copy negatives	88.00 x 365	88.00	32,120
		Copy positives	88.00 x 365	88.00	32,120
		Color negatives	6.80 x 365	6.80	2,482
		Color transparencies	\$68.00 x 365	68.00	24,820
		Totals		\$274.45	\$100,174

Note: ●Chemicals for bulk records based upon \$6.75 per 500 feet
 ●Chemicals for masters/copy negatives/copy positives based upon \$4.00 per 500 feet
 ●Chemicals for color negatives/color transparencies based upon \$40.00 per 500 feet

Table 2-2. Photo Processing Materials and Costs - Chemical Requirements

Case	Operational Mode	Daily Usage Rationale		Estimated Cost per Day (Dollars)	Estimated Cost per Annum (Dollars)
A	Precision Mode	Masters	\$.28 x 365	\$ 0.28	\$ 102
		Copy negatives	.12 x 365	0.12	44
		Copy positives	.20 x 365	0.20	73
		Color negatives	1.20 x 365	1.20	438
		Color transparencies	\$1.20 x 365	1.20	438
Totals			3.00	1,095	
B	Precision Mode	Masters	\$.56 x 365	0.56	204
		Copy negatives	.48 x 365	0.48	175
		Copy positives	.48 x 365	0.48	175
		Color negatives	2.40 x 365	2.40	876
		Color transparencies	\$2.40 x 365	2.40	876
Totals			\$ 6.32	\$2,306	

Note: ●Chemicals for bulk records based upon \$6.75 per 500 feet
 ●Chemicals for masters/copy negatives/copy positives based upon \$4.00 per 500 feet
 ●Chemicals for color negatives/color transparencies based upon \$40.00 per 500 feet

Table 2-3. Photo Processing Materials and Costs - Paper Requirements

Case	Operational Mode	Daily Usage Rationale		Estimated Cost per Day (Dollars)	Estimated Cost per Annum (Dollars)
A	Bulk Mode II	Copy prints (4 P)	4,410 (3,750 ft)	\$ 683.00	\$249,112
		Color prints	390 (350 ft)	189.00	68,985
		Totals		872.00	318,097
B	Bulk Mode II	Copy prints (4 P)	13,200 (11,000 ft)	2002.00	730,730
		Color prints	990 (850 ft)	459.00	167,535
		Totals		2461.00	898,265
A	Precision Mode	Copy prints (2 P)	28 (25 ft)	5.00	1,661
		Color prints	12 (15 ft)	8.00	2,957
		Totals		13.00	4,618
B	Precision Mode	Copy prints (2 P)	63 (60 ft)	11.00	3,986
		Color prints	27 (30 ft)	16.00	5,913
		Totals		\$ 27.00	\$ 9,899

Note: Copy prints costs based upon \$91 per 500 feet

Color prints costs based upon \$135 per 250 feet

Table 2-4. Photo Processing Miscellaneous
Material Requirements

Material Item	Quantity
<u>Equipment for Quality Control Laboratory</u>	
Top-loading balance, ± 0.01 g, Mettler P-1200	1
Refilling burets, one for each test desired plus spares	6
PH Meter, Orion 801 with PH electrode plus 2 spare electrodes	1
Silver billet electrode, Beckman	2
Magnetic stirrer: Gyrotherm (stir plus heat) with stirring magnets	1
Stirring magnets	
Large, 2-7/8 inch	1
Medium, 1-9/16 inch	3
Small, 1 inch	5
Water still, 1/2 gallon	1
Pipet bulbs	6
Assorted clamps, rings, etc.	
Large buret stands for refilling burets	
Buret holder	1
Ring stand	1
Spatulas	6
Hydrometers	1
Separation funnels (teflon stopcocks)	
500 milliliter	6
250 milliliter	3

Table 2-4. Photo Processing Miscellaneous
Material Requirements (Continued)

Material Item	Quantity
Funnels	
Diameter: 150 millimeter; stem length: 100 millimeter	4
Diameter: 125 millimeter; stem length: 35 millimeter	4
Diameter: 75 millimeter; stem length: 75 millimeter	2
Diameter: 40 millimeter; stem length: 50 millimeter	2
Diameter: 100 millimeter; stem length: 100 millimeter	2
Pipets	
1 milliliter	3
2 milliliters	3
3 milliliters	3
4 milliliters	3
5 milliliters	5
6 milliliters	3
7 milliliters	3
8 milliliters	3
9 milliliters	3
10 milliliters	5
15 milliliters	3
20 milliliters	3
25 milliliters	5
50 milliliters	5
100 milliliters	3

Table 2-4. Photo Processing Miscellaneous
Material Requirements (Continued)

Material Item	Quantity
Graduated pipets	
1 milliliter	2
5 milliliters	2
10 milliliters	2
25 milliliters	2
<u>Glassware Needed for Quality Control Laboratory</u>	
Beakers	
50 milliliters	12
100 milliliters	12
150 milliliters	12
250 milliliters	12
400 milliliters	12
600 milliliters	6
1000 milliliters	6
1500 milliliters	3
2000 milliliters	3
4000 milliliters	3
Iodine determination flasks, 500 milliliters	6
Erlenmeyer flasks	
125 milliliters	4
250 milliliters	4
500 milliliters	4
One-liter glass brown bottles, screw-on caps	24

Table 2-4. Photo Processing Miscellaneous
Material Requirements (Continued)

Material Item	Quantity
Tip-up pipets, number and size to depend upon individual test requirements	
Volumetric flasks	
50 milliliters	3
100 milliliters	3
250 milliliters	6
500 milliliters	6
1000 milliliters	6
2000 milliliters	2
Graduated cylinders	
10 milliliters	4
25 milliliters	4
50 milliliters	4
100 milliliters	4
250 milliliters	1
500 milliliters	1
1000 milliliters	1
2000 milliliters	1
Burets	
50 milliliters	2
10 milliliters	2

Table 2-4. Photo Processing Miscellaneous
Material Requirements (Continued)

Material Item	Quantity
Film cleaner fluid	1 gal/wk/ shift
Film wax	1 lb/wk/ shift
Versamat skip-rack cross-over \$525	2
Versamat roll film adapter \$1,150	5
Versamat roll film take-up adapt \$975	5
Kodak reflection-transmission color densitometer \$380	1
Densitometer check plaque (Refl.) \$16	1
Densitometer check plaque (Trans.) \$65	1
Interval timers	4
Tray/Tank thermometers	12
Clean room uniforms	20/week
Miscellaneous chemicals (QC, spec. proc., etc.)	As required
Rubber gloves	As required
QC instrumentation \$4K/one time	
Film cassettes	24
12" print trimmers	2
Scissors	20
Print tongs	12
Versamat rollers	100
Lamps (printer)	As required
Graduates	32 oz
Compressed nitrogen (every 3 weeks)	

Table 2-5. ADPE Material Requirements

Material Item	Usage Rationale	Quantity Per Year	
		Case A	Case B
Computer Tape:			
Telemetry, analog, 1/2" x 10"	Case A 20 tapes per day at \$20/reel	7,300 reels	7,300 reels
Ephemeris, dialog, 1/2" x 10"	Case A 1 tape per day at \$20/reel	365 reels	365 reels
DCS, analog, 1/2" x 14"	Case A 6 tapes per day at \$20/reel	2,190 reels	10,950 reels
RBV, analog, 2" x 14"	Case A 4 tapes per day at \$75/reel	1,460 reels	4,380 reels
MSS, analog, 1" x 14"	Case A 4 tapes per day at \$66/reel	1,460 reels	4,380 reels
Digital bulk, RBV, 1" x 16"	Case A 1 tape per day at \$66/reel	365 reels	1,095 reels
Digital bulk, MSS, 1" x 16"	Case A 1 tape per day at \$66/reel	365 reels	1,095 reels
Data file, 1/2" x 10"		100 reels	300 reels
Programs, 1/2" x 10"		300 reels	900 reels
Printer paper, IBM 1403, 1 ply	Annual quantity based upon comparable computer system requirement	900 boxes	900 boxes
Punch cards	Annual quantity based upon comparable computer system requirement		
/		100 cartons	100 cartons

Table 2-6. OCC Expendable Stock Annual Requirements and Costs

Material Item		Usage Rationale	Quantity and Unit Cost	Annual Cost
Magnetic Tape	<u>Reel Size</u>	Attrition due to breakage - 10%	100 tapes	
PCM-Telemetry (1000 tapes required for the OCC scratch tape inventory)	10 inches x 1/2 inches	Replacement due to residual hysteresis	50 tapes	
		Historical Retention - 5%	50 tapes	
		Data Compaction	150 tapes	
		Total	350 tapes at \$20	7,000
Tape Cleaner		---	As required	
Tape Cans		---	As required	
Strip Chart Pens		2 pens per day	730 pens at \$5.75	4,198
Strip Chart Paper		6 charts x 6 ft per pass x 14 passes per day (200 foot per roll)	920 rolls at \$19.75	18,170
Line Printer				
Paper (4 per ply NCR - no carbon)		1000 sheets per day (750 sheets per carton)	486 cartons at \$11.31	5,497
Ribbons		Replacement every two days	183 ribbons at \$0.35	64

Table 2-6. OCC Expendable Stock Annual Requirements and Costs (Continued)

Material Item	Usage Rationale	Quantity and Unit Cost	Annual Cost
Hard copy	400 sheets per day (1000 sheets per box)	146 cartons at \$16.81	2,454
Teletype			
Paper (5 per ply)	2 ft per pass x 2 printouts per pass x 14 passes per day (458 ft per box)	45 boxes at \$16.81	756
Mylar Tape	2 rolls per week (1200 ft per roll)	104 rolls at \$14.50	1,508
Ribbons	1 replacement per week	52 ribbons at \$0.35	18
Paper tape 8-level Baudot	3 replacements per month 980 ft per roll	36 rolls at at \$0.50	18
		- TOTAL	\$39,683

Table 2-7. Maintenance Material

Electronic Supplies

Clips	Lamps
Insulators	Cable clamps
Connectors (T&C/B&C)	Test leads
Adapter converters	Resistors stock
Coaxial connectors	Terminal blocks
Fuses	Tubing and Sleeving
Jacks	Wire

Safety Equipment

Boots, rubber, large	Safety goggles
Aprons, large and small	Hand cleaner
Safety glasses	Face shield
Protective gloves	

Tools

Electric drill	Screwdriver set
Drill set H. S. S.	Tool boxes
Calipers	Connector insertion and extraction and crimp tools and accessories
Bench clamps	
Hole cutters	Wire strippers
Heat gun	Wrench set
Soldering tools and materials	Plier set
Chassis punches	File set
Brushes	Fastener hardware

Table 2-7. Maintenance Material (Continued)

Shipping Materials

Boxes, corrugated packaging

Dessicant 4-unit bag

Packing material

Solvent

